

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1.0 IDENTIFICATION

1.1 GHS product identifier: SunLastic EPC35 Gray

**1.2 Other means of identification:** Dry Building Mortar

1.1 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: N/A

**1.2 Supplier's details:** Sundeck Products USA, Inc.

805 Avenue H East, Suite 508

Arlington, TX 76011 (888) 390-0305

For Chemical Emergency

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300







# 2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1

#### 2.1 GHS Classification:

- -Acute Toxicity Oral Category 4
- -Acute Toxicity Dermal Category 4
- -Acute Toxicity Inhalation Category 3
- -Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1B
- -Eye Damage Category 1
- -Respiratory Sensitization Category 1
- -Skin Sensitization Category 1
- -Carcinogenicity Category 1A
- -Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Category 1

# 2.2 Signal word: Warning

#### 2.3 Hazard statements:

- -H333: May be harmful if inhaled
- -H335: May cause respiratory irritation
- -H318: Causes eye irritation
- -H303: May be harmful if swallowed
- -H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- -H331: Toxic if inhaled
- -H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- -H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
- -H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction
- -H350: May cause cancer

### 2.4 Precautionary statements

- -P102: Keep out of reach of children
- -P103: Read label before use
- -P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- -P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- -P264: Wash ... thoroughly after handling
- -P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- -P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
- -P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- -P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- -P285: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

HMIS-RATINGS (SCALE 0 - 4)

HEALTH		2	Health = $2$ Fire = $0$
FLAMMABILITY		0	Reactivity = 0
REACTIVITY	0		



**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**: This product is a light gray dry powder. A single short term exposure to the dry powder is not likely to cause serious harm. However, exposure of sufficient duration to wet mixture can cause serious, potentially irreversible tissue (skin or eye) destruction in the form of chemical (caustic burns. The same type of tissue destruction can occur if wet or moist areas of the body are exposed for sufficient duration to dry product.

<u>SYMPTOMS OF OVER-EXPOSURE BY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE</u>: This product can damage skin, eyes, mucous membranes, and other contaminated tissue.

<u>INHALATION</u>: Exposure to this product may cause irritation to the moist mucous membranes of the nose, throat, and upper respiratory system. It may also aggravate other lung conditions. Potential health effects of inhalation are as follows: *Silicosis* – Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs. Silicosis may be progressive: it may lead to disability and death. *Lung Cancer* – Crystalline silica (quartz) inhaled is classified by IARC as a carcinogen. *Tuberculosis* – Silicosis increases the risk of Tuberculosis. *Autoimmune and Chronic Kidney Disease* – Some studies show excess numbers of cases of scleroderma, connective tissue disorders, lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, chronic kidney diseases and end-stage kidney disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. *Non-Malignant Respiratory diseases (other than Silicosis)* – Some studies show an increased incidence in chronic bronchitis and emphysema in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica.

CONTACT WITH SKIN: Discomfort or pain cannot be relied upon to alert a person to a hazardous skin exposure. Consequently, the only effective means of avoiding skin injury or illness involves minimizing skin contact, particularly contact with wet product. Exposed persons may not feel discomfort until hours after the exposure has ended and significant injury has occurred. Exposure to dry material may cause drying of the skin with consequent mild irritation or more significant effects attributable to aggravation of other conditions. Dry material contacting wet skin or exposure to moist or wet Portland cement may cause more severe skin damage in the form of (caustic) chemical burns. Some individuals may exhibit an allergic response upon exposure to this material. The response may appear in a variety of forms ranging from a mild rash to severe skin ulcers. Persons already sensitized may react to their first contact with the product.

<u>CONTACT WITH EYES:</u> Exposure to airborne dust may cause immediate or delayed irritation or inflammation. Eye contact by larger amounts of dry powder or splashes of wet material may cause effects ranging from moderate eye irritation to chemical burns and blindness. Such exposures require immediate first aid (see section 4) and medical attention to prevent significant damage to the eye.

<u>INGESTION</u>: Though ingestion is not anticipated to be a significant route of over-exposure to this product, ingestion of large amounts can be harmful and requires immediate medical attention.

INJECTION: Though injection is not anticipated to be a significant route of over-exposure to this product.

## HEALTH EFFECTS OR RISKS FROM EXPOSURE: An Explanation in Lay Terms.

**ACUTE**: This product is corrosive, it can burn and damage eyes, skin, mucous membranes, and any other exposed tissue. If inhaled, irritation of the respiratory system may occur, with coughing, and breathing difficulty. Though unlikely to occur during occupational use, ingestion of large quantities can be harmful.

**CHRONIC**: Repeated skin contact with this product may result in dermatitis (inflammation and reddening of the skin) and skin sensitization.

# 3.0 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	% w/w	EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR					
			ACGIH		OSHA			
			TLV	STEL	PEL	STEL	IDLH	OTHER
			mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		15 - 40	10		Cal/OSHA PEL			Total Dust 15
Portland Cement	65997-15-1				Totall 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NE	NE	Resp. Dust 5
					Resp. 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1	Quartz: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NE		NE	NE	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Silicone Dioxide			Cristobalite:					Cristobalite & Tridymite:
			0.025 mg/m³ Tridymite: Not Listed					5 mg/m³
	1317-65-3	60 - 100	10	NE	Cal/OSHA PEL		NE	Total Dust 15
Limestone					5 mg/m³	NE		Resp. Dust
Cunquim	13397-24-5	5-Jan	10	NE	Cal/OSHA PEL			Total Dust 15
Gypsum				INE	5 mg/m³			Resp. Dust 5
Calcium Hydroxide	1305-62-0	0.1 – 1	5	NE	5	NE	NE	7340 mg/kg
Water and other ingredients. The other ingredients are each present in less than 1 percent concentration in this product.			The components present in the balance of this product do not contribute an significant, additional hazards. All hazard information pertinent to this product ha been presented in the remaining sections of this Material Safety Data Sheet, per th requirements of Federal Occupational Safety and Health Hazard Communicatio Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).				s product has Sheet, per the	

NE = Not Established. C = Ceiling Limit. See Section 16 for Definitions of Terms Used.

NOTE: All WHMIS required information is included. It is located in appropriate sections based on the ANSI Z400.1-1993 format.

# 4.0 FIRST-AID MEASURES

- **4.1 Skin Exposure:** For Skin contact, if available, wash with large amounts of running water and soap for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get immediate medical attention. Discard or decontaminate clothing before re-use, and destroy contaminated shoes.
- **4.2 Eye Exposure:** For eye contact, immediately flush eyes for at least 15 minutes with running water. Hold eyelids apart to ensure rinsing of the entire eye surface and lids with water. Get immediate medical attention.
- **4.3 Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get immediate medical attention. If breathing is difficult, transport to medical care and, if available, give supplemental oxygen.
- **4.4 Ingestion:** If swallowed, immediately give at least 3-4 glasses of water, but do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, give fluids again. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Get immediate medical attention. Have physician determine whether vomiting or stomach evacuation is necessary.

### **5.0 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

FLASH POINT, °C (method): NA

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE, °C: Non Combustible

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (in air by volume, %): Lower (LEL): NE

Upper (UEL): NE

FIRE EXTINGUISHING MATERIALS:

Water Spray: YES

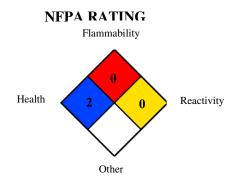
Foam: YES

Halon: YES

Carbon Dioxide: YES

Dry Chemical: YES

Other: Any "ABC" Class.



5.1 UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Run-off from fire control may cause pollution. Keep fire-exposed containers cool with water spray to prevent rupture due to excessive heat. High pressure water hose may spread product from broken containers increasing contamination. If involved in a fire, this product may decompose to produce a variety of compounds (i.e. carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other compounds). Emergency responders must wear the proper personal protective equipment suitable for the situation to which they are responding. Products of combustion are irritating to the respiratory tract and may cause breathing difficulty. Symptoms may be delayed several hours or longer depending upon the extent of exposure.

<u>Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact</u>: Not sensitive. Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive.

**5.2 SPECIAL FIRE-FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Incipient fire responders should wear eye protection. Structural fire fighters must wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment. Move fire-exposed containers, if it can be done without risk to firefighters. If possible, prevent run-off water from entering storm drains, bodies of water, or other environmentally sensitive areas. If necessary, discard or decontaminate fire response equipment before returning such equipment

# 6.0 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Uncontrolled releases should be responded to by trained personnel using pre-planned procedures. Proper protective equipment should be used. In case of a spill, clear the affected area, protect people, and respond with trained personnel.

The proper personal protective equipment for incidental releases (e.g.-1 L of the product released in a well-ventilated area) use impermeable gloves, specific for the material handled, goggles, face shield, and appropriate body protection. In the event of a large release, use impermeable gloves, specific for the material handled, chemically resistant suit and boots, and hard-hat. Self Contained Breathing Apparatus or respirator may be required where engineering controls are not adequate or conditions for potential exposure exist. When respirators are required, Select NIOSH/MSHA approved based on actual or potential airborne concentrations in accordance with latest OSHA and/or ANSI recommendations. Absorb spilled liquid with polypads or other suitable absorbent materials. Neutralize residue with sodium bicarbonate and water rinse. Decontaminate the area thoroughly. Test area with litmus paper to confirm neutralization. Place all spill residue in a suitable container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and local hazardous waste disposal regulations (see Section 13, Disposal Considerations).

#### 7.0 HANDLING AND STORAGE

- **7.1 Work Practices and Hygiene Practices:** As with all chemicals, avoid getting this product ON YOU or IN YOU. Wash hands after handling this product. Do not eat or drink while handling this material. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Discard contaminated clothing items, or launder before re-use. Inform anyone handling such contaminated laundry of the hazards associated with this product. Use ventilation and other engineering controls to minimize potential exposure to this product.
- **7.2 Storage and Handling Practices:** All employees who handle this material should be trained to handle it safely. Avoid breathing mists or sprays generated by this product. Use in a well-ventilated location. **Keep from freezing.**
- **7.3 PROTECTIVE PRACTICES DURING MAINTENANCE OF CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT:** Follow practices indicated in Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures). Make certain application equipment is locked and tagged-out safely. Always use this product in areas where adequate ventilation is provided. Decontaminate equipment before maintenance begins by a triple- rinse with water followed, if necessary, by using sodium bicarbonate and an additional rinse. Collect all rinsates and dispose of according to applicable Federal, State, or local procedures.

# 8.0 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

- **8.1 VENTILATION AND ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** If required use a corrosion-resistant ventilation system separate from other exhaust ventilation systems to ensure that there is no potential for overexposure to sprays, or mists of this product and that exposures are below those in section 2 (Composition and Information on Ingredients). Ensure eyewash/safety shower stations are available near areas where this product is used.
- **8.2 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Maintain airborne contaminant concentrations below exposure limits listed in Section 2 (Composition and Information on Ingredients). If respiratory protection is needed, use only protection authorized in 29 CFR 1910.134, or applicable State regulations. If adequate ventilation is not available or if there is potential for airborne exposure above the exposure limits (listed in Section 2) a respirator may be worn up to respirator exposure limitations, check with respirator equipment manufactures recommendations/limitations. For a higher level of protection use positive pressure supplied air respiration protection or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus or if oxygen levels are below 19.5% or are unknown.

# EMERGENCY OR PLANNED ENTRY INTO UNKNOWN CONCENTRATIONS OR IDLH CONDITIONS:

Positive pressure, full-facepiece Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; or positive pressure, full-facepiece Self Contained Breathing Apparatus with an auxiliary positive pressure Self Contained Breathing Apparatus.

- **8.3 EYE PROTECTION:** Splash goggles or safety glasses. Face-shields are recommended when the operation can generate splashes, sprays or mists.
- **8.4 HAND PROTECTION:** Wear appropriate gloves for routine industrial use. Use appropriate gloves for spill response, as stated in Section 6 of this SDS (Accidental Release Measures).
- **8.5 BODY PROTECTION:** Use body protection appropriate for task. Cover-all, rubber aprons, or chemical protective clothing made from natural rubber are generally acceptable, depending upon the task.

# 9.0 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Relative Vapor Density (air=1)	NA
9.2 Specific Gravity (water=1)	NE
9.3 Solubility in Water	Insoluble
9.4 Vapor Pressure mm Hg @ 20 °C	ND
9.5 Odor	
9.6 Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc=1)	NA
9.7 Melting/Freezing Point	ND
9.8 Boiling Point	
9.9 pH	

APPEARANCE AND COLOR: This product is a light gray powder. HOW TO DETECT THIS SUBSTANCE (warning properties): ND

### 10.0 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1 STABILITY: Stable.
- **10.2 DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Thermal decomposition products of this solution can include a variety of compounds. (i.e. carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other compounds).
- **10.3 MATERIALS WITH WHICH SUBSTANCE IS INCOMPATIBLE:** Avoid water-reactive materials, heat or contact with peroxides or other catalysts.
- 10.4 HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur by itself.
- 10.5 CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid exposure or contact to extreme temperatures and incompatible chemicals.

#### 11.0 Toxicological Information

**11.1 TOXICITY DATA:** Additional toxicology information for components greater than 1 percent in concentration is provided below.

**Toxicity Data Silicone Dioxide (14808-60-7)** 

Organism	Test	Route	Reported	Effect	Source			
	Type		Dose					
Dog LDLo¹ Intravenous		20 mg/kg		B io chemical Jo urnal, Vo I. 27, P g. 1007,				
			20 mg/ng		1933			
Human LCLo <sup>2</sup>	Inhalation	0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Liver: Other Changes	A nnals of the New York A cademy of				
Haman	LOLO	IIIIalation	0.5 mg/m²		Sciences, Vo I. 127, P g. 324, 1976			
				LUNGS, THORA X, o r RESP IRA TION:				
		Lo <sup>3</sup> Inhalation (million particles	16 mppcf	" Fibro sis, Fo cal (P neumo co nio sis)"				
Human	TCLo <sup>3</sup>		(million	LUNGS, THORA X, o r RESP IRA TION:	National Technical Information			
Trainan Tolo	1020		particles per	Co ugh	Service. Vol. PB246-697			
			cu. ft.)	LUNGS, THORA X, o r RESP IRA TION:				
				Dyspnea				
Mouse LD4 Intratracheal		>20 mg/kg	LUNGS, THORA X, o r RESP IRA TION:	A merican Review of Respirato ry Disease,				
Wiodse	IVIOUSE LD4		>20 mg/kg	Other Changes	Vo I. 141(Suppl), P g. A 3-A 937, 1990			
Mouse	LDLo1	Intravenous	40 mg/kg		Jo urnal of the Natio nal Cancer Institute			
Wiouse	LDLO	J. Illiavellous	40 mg/kg		Vo I. 1, P g. 241, 1940			
Rat LDL	I DI o1	Intratracheal	200 mg/kg	LUNGS, THORA X, o r RESP IRA TION:	B ritish Jo urnal of Industrial M edicine.			
	LDL0.			" Fibro sis, Fo cal (P neumo co nio sis)"	Vo I. 10, P g. 9, 1953			
Rat LDLo		Intravenous	90 mg/kg		Jo urnal of the Natio nal Cancer Institute			
nai LDLO	LDLO	iiiiaveiious	Ju mg/kg		Vo I. 57, P g. 509, 1976			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>LDLo - (Lethal Dose Low), the low est dose of material to cause death in the organism.

- <sup>3</sup>TCLo (Toxic Concentration Low), the lowest concentration of a material in air at which toxic effects occur. (Gases, mists, dusts, or 4LD (Lethal Dose), the dose at which lethality occurs in the single test organism.
  - **11.2 SUSPECTED CANCER AGENT:** IARC classifies crystalline silica in Group 1, "known human carcinogen." NTP classifies respirable crystalline silica in a category of substances which is "known to be a human carcinogen"
  - 11.3 IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT: This product is moderately irritating to contaminated tissue.
  - **11.4 SENSITIZATION TO THE PRODUCT:** Prolonged or repeated skin contact can result in the development of rashes, and other allergy-like symptoms.
  - **11.5 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION:** Listed below is information concerning the effects of this product and its components on the human reproductive system.

<u>Mutagenicity</u>: This product is not reported to produce mutagenic effects in humans.

Embryotoxicity: This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.

<u>Teratogenicity</u>: This product is not reported to cause teratogenic effects in humans.

Reproductive Toxicity: This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>LCLo – (Lethal Concentration Low ), the low est concentration of material in air at w hich death occurs. (Gases, mists, dusts, or vapor

A <u>mutagen</u> is a chemical which causes permanent changes to genetic material (DNA) such that the changes will propagate through generational lines. An <u>embryotoxin</u> is a chemical which causes damage to a developing embryo (i.e. within the first eight weeks of pregnancy in humans), but the damage does not propagate across generational lines. A <u>teratogen</u> is a chemical which causes damage to a developing fetus, but the damage does not propagate across generational lines. A <u>reproductive toxin</u> is any substance which interferes in any way with the reproductive process.

- **11.6 BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE INDICES:** Currently there are no Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) associated with the components of this product.
- **11.7 MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:** Skin disorders can be aggravated by over-exposure to this product. Inhalation of this products mists may aggravate respiratory conditions.
- 11.8 RECCOMENTATIONS TO PHYSICIANS: Treat symptoms and eliminate over exposure to the product.

# 12.0 ECOLOGICAL INFOR MATION

ALL WORK PRACTICES MUST BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION. No ecological information available.

#### 13.0 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**13.1 PREPARING WASTES FOR DISPOSAL**: Waste disposal must be in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, and local regulations. This product, if unaltered by use, may be disposed of by treatment at a permitted facility or as advised by your local hazardous waste regulatory authority.

### 13.2 EPA WASTE NUMBER: NA

### 14.0 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Department of Transportation: Not regulated Not regulated IMDG: Not regulated ICAO: Not regulated Not regulated Not regulated Not regulated

### 15.0 REGULATORY INFO RMATION

**15.1 OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT (OSHA)**: This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) has been prepared in compliance with the federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### 15.2 United States Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazcom Standard Rating: Hazardous

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40CFR 302): Components - None

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A): Components - None

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65): Components – None

TSCA INVENTORY STATUS: The components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

OTHER FEDERAL REGULATIONS: Status under the Federal Hazardous Substances Act and its Regulations:

Portland cement is a "hazardous substance" subject to the following labeling requirements for consumer use:

## WARNING: INJURIOUS TO EYES, CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. READ THIS WARNING BEFORE USING.

Contact with cement (including unhardened concrete, mortar, wet cement, or cement mixtures) can cause skin irritation, severe chemical burns, or serious eye damage. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wear waterproof gloves, a fully buttoned long-sleeved shirt, full-length trousers, and tight fitting eye protection when working with these materials. If you have to stand in cement or wet concrete, use waterproof boots that are tight at tops and high enough to keep cement or concrete from flowing into them. If you are finishing concrete, wear knee pads to protect knees. Wash cement, wet concrete, mortar, wet cement, or cement mixtures from you skin with fresh, clean water immediately after contact.

Indirect contact through clothing can be as serious as direct contact, so promptly rinse out cement, wet concrete, mortar, wet cement, or cement mixtures from clothing. Seek immediate medical attention if you have persistent or severe discomfort, in case of eye contact, flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician immediately.

#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

USER AGREES TO CONVEY THIS WARNING TO ALL PERSONS WHO MAY PURCHASE, USE OR COME IN CONTACT WITH CEMENT, WET (UNHARDENED) CONCRETE, MORTAR, WET CEMENT OR CEMENT MIXTURES.

**15.3 Component State Regulatory Information:** The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	C.A.S.	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Cement, portland, chemicals	65997-15-1	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Limestone	1317-65-3	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	13397-24-5	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Quartz	14808-60-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

<u>CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65</u>: This product contains chemicals known by the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. Carcinogens:

14808-60-7 Quartz

**WHMIS SYMBOLS**: Class E – Corrosive Material



Class D - Poisonous and Infectious Material Division 2 Material Causing Other Toxic Effects



### 16.0 OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer: The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of Sundeck Products knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. Sundeck Products does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and Sundeck Products shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of their use thereof. The information and recommendations are offered for the users' consideration and examination, and it is the users' responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use.